## COMPARING STRUCTURES

	CONSERVATION LAND TRUSTS	COMMUNITY LAND TRUSTS	AGRARIAN TRUST (AT) AGRARIAN COMMONS (AC)
MISSION	Protection of land for habitat, water quality, open space, natural/cultural/historic resources.	Protection of land as a resource for social and community benefits e.g. affordable housing.	Protection of whole farms and natural ecosystems for land access, equity, and affordability for farmers, health of soils, water, biodiverse systems, and agrarian enterprises interconnected to community.
LEGAL STRUCTURE & TOOLS	501(c)3 nonprofit. Holds perpetual conservation easement on privately owned land. May also own land in fee and manage for conservation values.	501(c)(3) nonprofit, owns land in fee. Often conveys use and equity to individuals via ground leases.	501(c)(3) Agrarian Trust supports and oversees multiple local 501(c)(2) and 501(c)(25) Agrarian Commons affiliate land holding entities. Agrarian Commons conveys use, equity, and secure tenure through leasehold interest to farmers.
	Conservation easements keep land in private ownership; bought/sold/consolidated/fragmented/and speculated on. If land trust closes, easements must be conveyed to nonprofit with similar mission.	Bylaws usually prohibit land from ever being sold. If community land trust closes, land must be conveyed to nonprofit with similar mission.	Bylaws prohibit land from ever being sold. If local AC closes, AT must steward while new AC formed. If AT closes ACs are assigned to named 501(c)(3).
	Conservation easements generally prohibitory - of subdivision, development, extraction, etc.	Community values protected via long-term ground lease conveyed to individual(s). A third-party conservation land trust may hold easement as well.	Food system, ecological and equity values protected via leasehold interest conveyed to farmers and/or community-based organization. Third-party conservation land trust may hold conservation easement as well.
GOVERNANCE	Vary from small and flexible to large and quasi-public. Governed by board of directors that may include farmer representation.	Governed by board of directors with community, resident, and ally representation.	AT governed by representative national board of directors. AC governed by majority local board including farmer/lessee, community stakeholder, and AT representation.
OWNERSHIP, ACCESS & EQUITY	Conservation land trust holds specific rights through conservation easement with land and improvements held privately, may hold land in fee.	Land owned by the community land trust. Improvements either shared, rented, or owned outright by lessee.	Land owned by the local AC and improvements either shared, rented, or owned outright by lessee. AT supports each AC, with collective benefits across ACs.
	All other property rights remain owned in private markets, rarely guaranteeing farming or conveyance to farmers.  Conservation land trusts rarely involved when protected land is leased or sold.	Tenure conveyed to qualifying individual at the discretion of the community land trust, in accordance with its mission and public benefits.	Tenure conveyed to working farmers/ranchers, via process managed by AC and supported by AT to promote equity and land justice.
	Easements rarely give concrete advantages to small/beginning/ disadvantaged farmers. Lands owned in- fee often leased to established farmers, at market rates, for modest terms.	Long-term, secure, equity-building tenure conveyed via affordable lease.	Long-term, secure, equity-building tenure conveyed via affordable lease to farmers/ranchers/stewards. Commons designed to decomodify and regenerate land and support agriculture.
PRODUCTION & STEWARDSHIP	Protects land and natural resources via prohibitory language and enforcement rights of conservation easement, very rarely to protect or support farms and agriculture on the land.	Protects land, housing, infrastructure, and community assets to support access, affordability, and equity.	Protects and supports land, farms, and agriculture for diversified and sustainable food production, business viability, and shared ecological stewardship.
	Protects farmland, very rarely requires active farming, conservation practices, or addressing the ecological degradation of soils, water, and ecosystems caused by agriculture.	Protect and support social/economic goals through ownership, lease, and governance structure.	Community centered, farmer/rancher/steward lead, nationally supported representative structure creates shared commitment to agricultural viability, agrarian community wealth, and soil, water, and overall ecosystem health.
	Please note: Each type of entity shown is of great value to the earth and society. These generalizations are for purposes of comparison; and may not be true in every instance.		

